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Patentanmeldung Nr. Patent application No. Demande de brevet n°

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**Page 2 de l'attestation**

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Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.  
5621 BA Eindhoven  
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## Lamp assembly

The invention relates to a lamp assembly that utilizes a lamp vessel of quartz glass with at least one metal-foil electrical feed-through.

Quartz glass is commonly used as lamp vessel material in metal halide lamps and (tungsten) halogen incandescent lamps. The lamp vessel of quartz glass defines a sealed lamp interior containing a filament or discharge electrodes and a suitable chemical filling. Electrical energy is supplied to the filament or to the electrodes by means of electrical feed-throughs which pass through the lamp vessel at the location on a vessel end-portion and which electrical feed-throughs are hermetically sealed to the quartz glass. It is critical to lamp operation that the seal remains intact throughout the life of the lamp.

Current conductors comprising metal foils are widely used in seals when the glass of the seal has a coefficient of thermal expansion which is lower than the corresponding coefficient of the metal. This is the case if the glass must have a high softening temperature in view of the operational conditions, while the metal for the same reason and because of the high manufacturing temperature of the seal must have a high melting point, such as tungsten and molybdenum.

The use of a metal foil means that the difference in coefficient of expansion between the glass, for example quartz glass, does not detract from vacuum tightness of the seal. A condition for this is, however, that the axial edges of the metal foil are relatively thin and relatively sharp, i.e. the metal foil has axial knife edges (also called feathered edges).

A very suitable metal foil for use as electrical feed-through is molybdenum. Since molybdenum foil is very thin, its absolute thermal expansion is extremely small. As a consequence, in combination with the knife edges of the metal foil, the probability of seal failure due to differential thermal expansion is relatively small. In a conventional design, the quartz glass is press sealed to the molybdenum foil, and a molybdenum electrical conductor is welded to the external end of the metal foil, and a suitable electrical conductor is welded to the internal end of the metal foil.

A lamp assembly of the kind mentioned in the opening paragraph is known from US-A 5 021 711. The known lamp assembly comprises a lamp vessel including a vessel end-portion in the form of a press seal. The lamp assembly comprises at least one molybdenum-foil electrical feed-through in the press seal connecting the lamp interior to an external electrical conductor. In the known lamp assembly the molybdenum foil has an oxidation-inhibiting material embedded in a surface layer thereof by ion implantation.

A disadvantage of the known lamp assembly is that the lamp assembly is rather spacious.

The invention has for its object to eliminate the above disadvantage wholly or partly. According to the invention, a lamp assembly of the kind mentioned in the opening paragraph for this purpose comprises:

- a lamp vessel of quartz glass closed in a gastight manner, the lamp vessel having a longitudinal axis and comprising at least one vessel end-portion,
- at least one metal-foil electrical feed-through providing electrical connection from the interior of the lamp vessel through the vessel end-portion to outside the lamp vessel,
- at least a portion of the metal-foil electrical feed-through being arranged in the vessel end-portion in a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis.

An advantage of the lamp assembly according to the invention is that by arranging the portion of the metal-foil electrical feed-through in the vessel end-portion in a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis, the length of the lamp assembly is considerably reduced. The lamp assembly has a relatively short axial seal length of the vessel end-portion as compared to the known lamp assembly. In practice, a lamp assembly with an axial seal length of the vessel end-portion of approximately 2 mm can be made.

Because in the lamp assembly according to the invention the metal-foil electrical feed-through is arranged in a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis, the current conductors which are to be attached to the metal-foil electrical feed-through have to be bend in order to enable the proper connecting of the current conductors. This bending of the current conductors can be avoided by providing a metal-foil electrical feed-through comprising three portions. To this end a preferred embodiment of the lamp assembly according to the invention is characterized in that the metal-foil electrical feed-through comprises a central foil portion and a first and a second foil end-portion, the central foil portion being arranged in the plane perpendicular to the longitudinal axis, the first and second

foil end-portions issuing from the vessel end-portion, the first foil end-portion extending to the interior of the lamp vessel, the second foil end-portion extending to outside the lamp vessel.

The lamp assembly may comprise a so-called double-ended lamp in which two vessel end-portion are provided at adjacent sides of the lamp vessel. In an alternative embodiment the lamp assembly comprises a so-called single-ended lamp in which the lamp vessel is provided with only one vessel end-portion. To this end a preferred embodiment of the lamp assembly according to the invention is characterized in that the vessel end-portion is provided with a first and a second metal-foil electrical feed-through.

There are various ways in which the first and second metal-foil electrical feed-through can be arranged in the vessel end-portion. In preferred embodiment of the lamp assembly according to the invention the first metal-foil electrical feed-through comprises a first central foil portion and the second metal-foil electrical feed-through comprises a second central foil portion, the first central foil portion being arranged substantially parallel to the second central foil portion. In an alternatively preferred embodiment of the lamp assembly according to the invention the first metal-foil electrical feed-through comprises a first central foil portion and the second metal-foil electrical feed-through comprises a second central foil portion, the first central foil portion being arranged in a crossing relationship with respect to the second central foil portion.

Preferably, the metal-foil electrical feed-through comprises molybdenum. The molybdenum foil and the molybdenum electrical conductor have a tendency to oxidize to form  $\text{MoO}_2$  and  $\text{MoO}_3$ . The molybdenum oxides form in the region where the external conductor and the molybdenum foil are connected and cause a significant amount of stress on the seal. Eventually, the quartz seal cracks, thereby causing lamp failure. To reduce oxidation, a preferred embodiment of the lamp assembly according to the invention is characterized in that, the surface of the metal-foil electrical feed-through is, preferably, (partially) provided with an oxidation-inhibiting material.

Preferably, the metal-foil electrical feed-through comprises a pair of opposed knife edges extending transversely of the longitudinal axis.

The lamp assembly according to the invention may include an incandescent filament located in the interior of the lamp vessel and connected to the metal-foil electrical feed-through.

The lamp assembly according to the invention may include a discharge electrode located in the interior of the lamp vessel and coupled to the metal-foil electrical feed-through.

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The invention will now be elucidated in more detail with reference to a number of embodiments and a drawing, in which:

Figure 1A and 1B show steps of a method of making a metal-foil electrical feed-through according to an embodiment of the invention;

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Figure 2A and 2B show two metal-foil electrical feed-throughs provided in a vessel end-portion according to alternative embodiments of the invention;

Figure 3A shows an example of a lamp assembly comprising a single-ended lamp vessel, and

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Figure 3B shows an example of a lamp assembly comprising a double-ended lamp vessel.

The Figures are purely diagrammatic and not drawn true to scale. Some dimensions are particularly strongly exaggerated for reasons of clarity. Equivalent components have been given the same reference numerals as much as possible in the Figures.

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Figure 1A and 1B show very schematically steps of a method of making a metal-foil electrical feed-through according to an embodiment of the invention. In a vessel end-portion 1 in the form of a flat quartz glass disc a metal foil 2, preferably made of molybdenum, is sealed parallel to the plane of the quartz glass disc. Figure 1A shows a longitudinal axis 8 perpendicular to the plane of the quartz glass disc. A central foil portion 3 of the metal foil 2 is embedded in the quartz glass disc. A first and a second foil end-portion 4, 5 emerge at the circumference plane of the quartz glass disc. The foil end-portions 4, 5 protruding from the quartz glass disc are bend upwards and downwards, respectively (Figure 1B). As a next step, electrical conductors 14, 15 are connected to the foil end-portions 4, 5 (Figure 1B). According to the invention, the central foil portion 3 of the metal-foil electrical feed-through 2 is arranged in the vessel end-portion 1 in a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 8.

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Figure 2A and 2B show very schematically two metal-foil electrical feed-throughs provided in a vessel end-portion according to alternative embodiments of the

invention. A first and a second central foil portions 3A; 3B are embedded in the vessel end-portion 1 in the form of quartz glass disc. A first and a second foil end-portion 4A, 4B; 5A, 5B emerge at both (flat) sides of the quartz glass disc with a longitudinal axis 8. The foil end-  
portions 4A, 4B; 5A, 5B protruding from the quartz glass disc have been bent upwards and  
downwards, respectively. In the embodiment of Figure 2A, the first central foil portion 3A is  
arranged substantially parallel to the second central foil portion 3B. In an alternative  
embodiment (Figure 2B) the first central foil portion is arranged in a crossing relationship  
with respect to the second central foil portion. According to the invention, the central foil  
portion 3 of the metal-foil electrical feed-through 2 is arranged in the vessel end-portion 1 in  
a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 8.

It will be clear, that the central foil portions 3A, 3B of the first and second  
metal-foil electrical feed-through 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B have to be provided such in the  
vessel end-portion 1 that electrical contact between the first and second metal-foil electrical  
feed-through 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B is avoided. In addition, the shape of the vessel end-  
portion 1 as shown in the Figures is not limited to a particular shape. In particular, the vessel  
end-portion may have any suitable shape, e.g. a square, round or oval shape, depending on  
the application of the vessel end-portion 1.

Figure 3A shows very schematically an example of a lamp assembly  
comprising a so-called single-ended lamp vessel. A single-ended lamp the lamp vessel only  
comprises one vessel end-portion 1. The vessel end-portion 1 of the lamp assembly is  
provided with a first metal-foil electrical feed-through 3A, 4A, 5A and a second metal-foil  
electrical feed-through 3B, 4B, 5B. The first metal-foil electrical feed-through 3A, 4A, 5A  
has a first central foil portion 3A and the second metal-foil electrical feed-through 3B, 4B,  
5B has a second central foil portion 3B. According to the invention, the first central foil  
portion 3A and the second central foil portion 3B are arranged in the vessel end-portion 1 in a  
plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 8. In the example of Figure 3A, the  
first central foil portion 3A is arranged substantially parallel to the second central foil portion  
3B.

The lamp assembly as shown in Figure 3A includes a (tungsten) incandescent  
filament 20 located in the interior of the lamp vessel 22 and coupled to the metal-foil  
electrical feed-through 4A; 4B. In addition, the first foil end-portion 4A; 4B is provided with  
an inner conductor 14A; 14B in the interior of the lamp vessel 22. The second foil end-  
portion 5A; 5B is provided with an outer conductor 15A; 15B outside the lamp vessel 22.  
The inner conductors 14A; 14B are connected to the incandescent filament 20.

Figure 3B shows very schematically an example of a lamp assembly comprising a so-called double-ended lamp vessel. In double-ended lamp two vessel end-portions 1A, 1B are provided at adjacent sides of the lamp vessel. The first vessel end-portion 1A of the lamp assembly is provided with a first metal-foil electrical feed-through 3A, 4A, 5A. The first metal-foil electrical feed-through 3A, 4A, 5A has a first central foil portion 3A. The second vessel end-portion 1B of the lamp assembly is provided with a first metal-foil electrical feed-through 3B, 4B, 5B. The second metal-foil electrical feed-through 3B, 4B, 5B has a second central foil portion 3B. According to the invention, the first central foil portion 3A in the first vessel end-portion 1A and the second central foil portion 3B in the second vessel end-portion 1 are arranged in planes substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 8. In addition, the first central foil portion 3A in the first vessel end-portion 1A and the second central foil portion 3B in the second vessel end-portion 1B are arranged substantially parallel to each other.

The lamp assembly as shown in Figure 3B includes two spaced-apart discharge electrode 30A, 30B located in the interior of the lamp vessel 22 and coupled to the metal-foil electrical feed-through 4A; 4B. In addition, the first foil end-portion 4A; 4B is provided with a first inner conductor 14A connected to the discharge electrode with reference numeral 30A and a second inner conductor 14B connected to the discharge electrodes with reference numeral 30B. In addition, the second foil end-portion 5A; 5B is provided with an outer conductor 15A; 15B outside the lamp vessel 22.

Preferably, the metal-foil electrical feed-through 2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B is made of molybdenum. To reduce the tendency of the molybdenum foil, a surface layer of the metal-foil electrical feed-through 2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B is, preferably, provided with an oxidation-inhibiting material. Preferably, the metal-foil electrical feed-through 2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B comprises a pair of opposed knife edges (not shown in the Figures) extending transversely of the longitudinal axis 8.

The lamp assembly according to the invention has a very short axial seal length of the vessel end-portion and a relatively small diameter of the lamp vessel. In practice, a lamp assembly with an axial seal length of the vessel end-portion of approximately 2 mm and a diameter of the lamp vessel of approximately 7 mm can be made. A lamp assembly according to the invention would be a miniature lamp with a dimension of approximately 7 mm in all directions.

It should be noted that the above-mentioned embodiments illustrate rather than limit the invention, and that those skilled in the art will be able to design many alternative



embodiments without departing from the scope of the appended claims. In the claims, any reference signs placed between parentheses shall not be construed as limiting the claim. Use of the verb "comprise" and its conjugations does not exclude the presence of elements or steps other than those stated in a claim. The article "a" or "an" preceding an element does not  
5 exclude the presence of a plurality of such elements. In the device claim enumerating several means, several of these means may be embodied by one and the same item of hardware. The mere fact that certain measures are recited in mutually different dependent claims does not indicate that a combination of these measures cannot be used to advantage.

## CLAIMS:

1. A lamp assembly comprising:
  - a lamp vessel (22) of quartz glass closed in a gastight manner, the lamp vessel (22) having a longitudinal axis (8) and comprising at least one vessel end-portion (1; 1A, 1B),
  - 5 - at least one metal-foil electrical feed-through (2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B) providing electrical connection from the interior of the lamp vessel (22) through the vessel end-portion (1) to outside the lamp vessel (22),
  - at least a portion (3; 3A, 3B) of the metal-foil electrical feed-through (2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B) being arranged in the vessel end-portion (1) in a plane
  - 10 substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis (8).
2. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the metal-foil electrical feed-through (2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B) comprises a central foil portion (3; 3A; 3B) and a first and a second foil end-portion (4, 5; 4A, 5A; 4B, 5B), the central foil
- 15 portion (3A; 3B) being arranged in the plane perpendicular to the longitudinal axis (8), the first and second foil end-portions (4, 5; 4A, 5A; 4B, 5B) issuing from the vessel end-portion (1), the first foil end-portion (4; 4A; 4B) extending to the interior of the lamp vessel (22), the second foil end-portion (5; 5A; 5B) extending to outside the lamp vessel (22).
- 20 3. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the vessel end-portion (1) is provided with a first and a second metal-foil electrical feed-through (3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B).
4. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 2 and 3, characterized in that the first
- 25 metal-foil electrical feed-through (3A, 4A, 5A) comprises a first central foil portion (3A) and the second metal-foil electrical feed-through (3B, 4B, 5B) comprises a second central foil portion (3B), the first central foil portion (3A) being arranged substantially parallel to the second central foil portion (3B).

5. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 2 and 3, characterized in that the first metal-foil electrical feed-through (3A, 4A, 5A) comprises a first central foil portion (3A) and the second metal-foil electrical feed-through (3B, 4B, 5B) comprises a second central foil portion (3B), the first central foil portion (3A) being arranged in a crossing relationship with respect to the second central foil portion (3B).

6. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 2 and 3, characterized in that the first foil end-portion (4A; 4B) is provided with an inner conductor (14A; 14B) in the interior of the lamp vessel (22) and that the second foil end-portion (5A; 5B) is provided with an outer conductor (15A; 15B) outside the lamp vessel (22).

7. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the metal-foil electrical feed-through (2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B) comprises molybdenum.

8. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that a surface of the metal-foil electrical feed-through (2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B) is provided with an oxidation-inhibiting material.

9. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the metal-foil electrical feed-through (2; 3, 4, 5; 3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B) comprises a pair of opposed knife edges extending transversely of the longitudinal axis (8).

10. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 1 or 2 further including an incandescent filament (20) located in the interior of the lamp vessel (22) and connected to the metal-foil electrical feed-through (4A; 4B).

11. A lamp assembly as claimed in claim 1 or 2 further including a discharge electrode (30A, 30B) located in the interior of the lamp vessel (22) and coupled to the metal-foil electrical feed-through (4A; 4B).

**ABSTRACT:**

A lamp assembly has a vacuum tight lamp vessel (22) of quartz glass. The lamp vessel has a longitudinal axis (8) and has at least one vessel end-portion (1). At least one metal-foil electrical feed-through (3A, 4A, 5A; 3B, 4B, 5B) provides electrical connection from the interior of the lamp vessel through the vessel end-portion to outside the lamp vessel. According to the invention, at least a portion (3A, 3B) of the metal-foil electrical feed-through is arranged in the vessel end-portion in a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis. Preferably, the metal-foil electrical feed-through comprises a central foil portion (3A; 3B) and a first and a second foil end-portion (4A, 5A; 4B, 5B), the central foil portion (3A; 3B) being arranged in the plane perpendicular to the longitudinal axis. The first and second foil end-portions issue from the vessel end-portion. The lamp assembly has a short axial seal length.

Fig. 3A

**1/3**

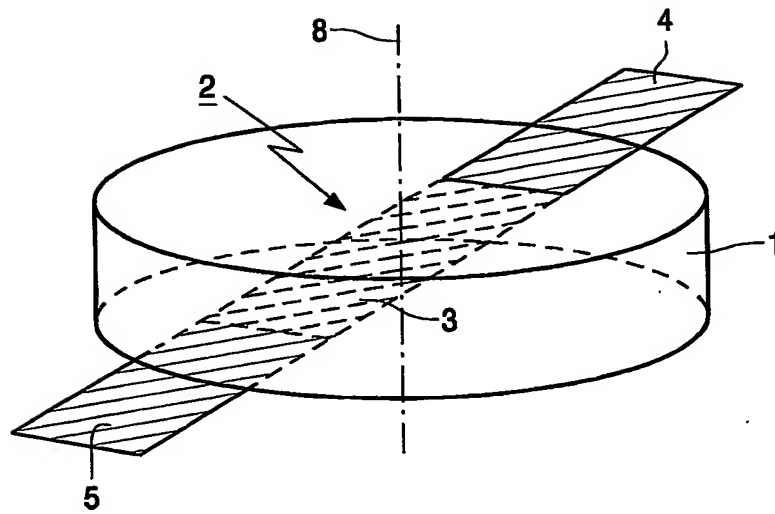
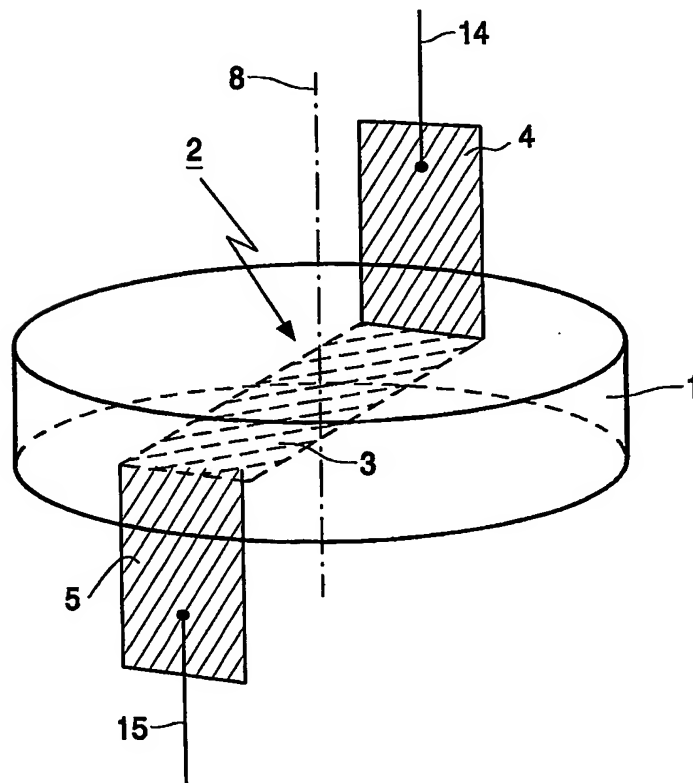


FIG. 1A



**FIG. 1B**

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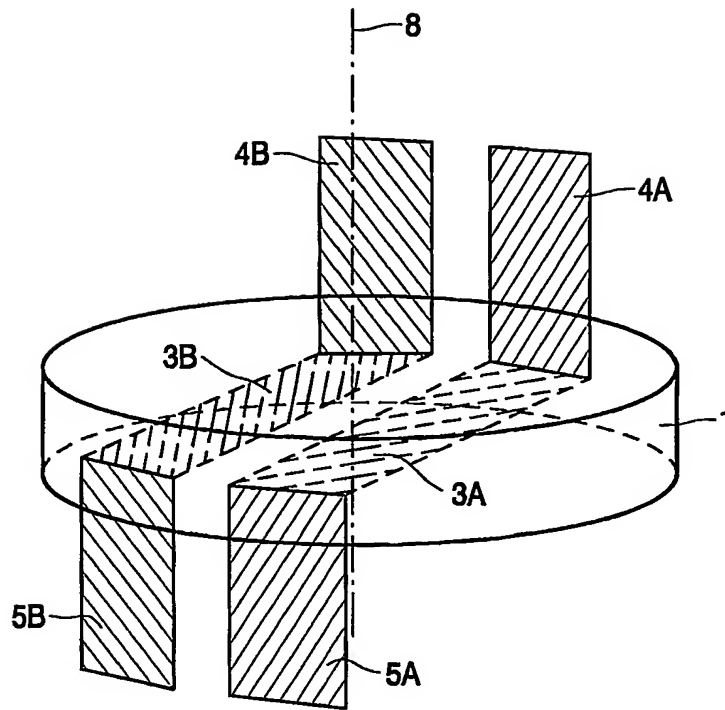


FIG. 2A

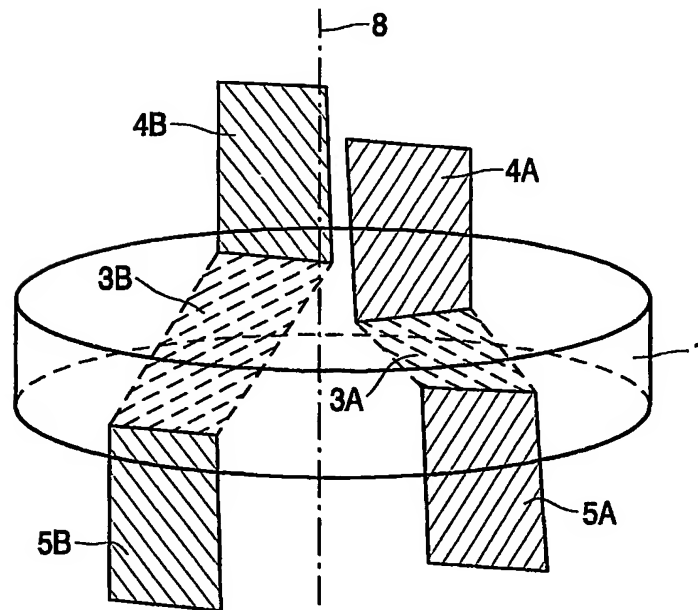
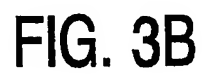
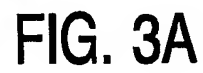


FIG. 2B



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